

# Heat Pump Water Heater Operation and Installation Manual

Model

HP300S2-F7



Please read this manual carefully prior to your use of this water heater.

The appearance of the water heater shown in this manual is for reference only.



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#### Dear users of Haier,

Thank you for choosing Haier products.

Please read this manual carefully and follow the operation and safety instructions to ensure the best installation and utilization of the product.

# Product safety statement:

- The appliance must be installed by qualified professional. The appliance must not be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless are supervised. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be carried out by children.
- 2. Children shall be closely supervised to make sure they stay away from this product.
- 3. The pressure temperature relief valve (PTR valve) must be installed according to the "Pipeline installation diagram".
- 4. A discharge pipe connected to the PTR valve is to be installed in a continuously downward direction and in a frost-free environment.
- 5. The water may drip from the PTR valve drain and that this pipe must be left open to the atmosphere.
- 6. DANGER: The PTR valve lever should be activated every six months to remove lime deposits and to verify that it is not blocked. Failure to do so may result in the water heater exploding.
- 7. Continuous leakage of water from the PTR valve may indicate a problem with the water heater or valve.
- 8. The water heater is to be drained according to the instructions specified on page 19.
- 9. Since the Max. inlet water pressure is 500 kPa, a pressure limiting valve must be installed according to the "Pipeline installation diagram".
- DANGER: The operation of the thermal cut-out indicates a possibly dangerous situation. Do not reset the thermal cut-out until the water heater has been serviced by a qualified person.
- 11. The appliance is intended to be permanently connected to the mains water with an inlet pressure of 100kPa to 500kPa.

# Safety instructions (to be followed at all times)

# Interpretation of marks and symbols

Failure to follow these instructions may lead to serious appliance malfunction and risks harm to the user.

	Instructions with this warning mark shall be strictly followed during operation. T h e y r elate to the safety of users.
$\bigcirc$	Information provided with this banning mark relates to activities that are forbidden. Otherwise, the appliance may be damaged, and the users may risk serious personal danger.

	$\bigcirc$
The water heater shall be	Ground (earth) and neutral
installed in strict accordance	lines of the power supply must
with local electrical	not connect at any time. The
regulations. The power supply	ground (earth) line shall not be
must have an earth wire.	connected to gas or water
Ensure an effective earth	pipes, lightning arresters, or
connection.	telephone lines.
	()
The water heater must be	Children must not play with the
installed in a location where	appliance.
suitable water drainage is	
possible.	

# (!)

This appliance must be fitted with the pressure and temperature relief valve (PTR valve) supplied with the appliance. The PTR valve must be fitted directly to the appliance.

# Safety instructions (to be followed at all times)

(!)	(!)	
The outlet water temperature of a water heater may be higher than the temperature indicated on the display. Ensure that contact with hot water directly leaving the appliance cannot occur.	This appliance must be installed with an isolation switch to the power supply. This switch must ensure full disconnection and be in accordance with the wiring regulations.	
() Install the water heater in strict accordance with the installation instruction specified on pages 11-23 of this manual.	() If the electrical power cord is damaged, it shall be replaced by a qualified professional.	
(!) Do not put your hands or other items into the air grid. This may cause injury or damage to the appliance.	() Maintenance shall be carried out according to the instructions specified in this manual.	
The water heater must be ins people. in accordance with al standards including AS/NZS 3	talled: - by licensed trades I local codes and regulations and 500.4 and AS/NZS 3000.	
Warning: -For continued safe must be installed, operated, a with the manufacturer's instr	ty of this appliance it and maintained in accordance. uctions.	
(!) Warning: - This appliance's de than 45°C. At higher temperatures codes of New Zealand and Austral requirements and installation inst delivery temperature control is re	elivery temperature may be more s, please refer to the plumbing lia (PCA), and any local ructions to determine if additional quired.	

# Safety instructions (to be followed at all times)

() The PTR valve must be operated every six months to remove lime deposits and ensure it is free from blockages.	() Water heaters shall be equipped with a dedicated power line and residual current circuit breakers. The trip current shall not exceed 15mA.			
(!) The PTR valve drain must be downward direction, be oper from blockages, and the pote	installed in a continuous to the atmosphere, be free ential of freezing.			
<ul> <li>Refrigerant: R32; When handling this product, you should <ul> <li>Ensure no smoking occurs in the area.</li> <li>Prevent the possibility of electrostatic discharges.</li> <li>Keep the work area well ventilated.</li> <li>Avoid contact of the refrigerant to the skin and eyes.</li> <li>Prevent inhalation of refrigerant vapors.</li> <li>Ensure no non-essential people are in the area.</li> <li>Prevent any refrigerant leaks during installation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
The appliance contains fluorin Chemical name: R32 Fluorinated greenhouse gases hermetically sealed equipme Any electrical switchgear sho of less than 0.1 % per year as specification of the manufact The expressed equivalent we 675.	nated greenhouse gases. s are contained in out. ould have a tested leakage rate s set out in the technical turer. eight in CO2 of R32 gas is GWP			

# Instructions on transportation and storage

- 1. During transportation or storage, the heat pump water heater should remain in its packaging. This will prevent possible damage to appearance and performance of the product.
- 2. During transportation or storage, the heat pump unit and the cylinder should remain in the upright position.



The heat pump unit must remain in the upright position at all times for the best performance!

#### WARNING:

IF THE HOT WATER SYSTEM IS NOT USED FOR TWO WEEKS OR MORE, A QUANTITY OF HIGHLY FLAMMABLE HYDROGEN GAS MAY ACCUMULATE IN THE WATER HEATER. TO DISSIPATE THIS GAS SAFELY, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT A HOT TAP BE TURNED ON FOR SEVERAL MINUTES OR UNTIL DISCHARGE OF GAS CEASES. USE A SINK, BASIN, OR BATH OUTLET, NOT A DISHWASHER, CLOTHES WASHER, OR OTHER APPLIANCE. DURING THIS PROCEDURE, THERE MUST BE NO SMOKING, OPEN FLAME, OR ANY ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE OPERATING NEARBY. IF HYDROGEN IS DISCHARGED THROUGH THE TAP, IT WILL MAKE AN UNUSUAL SOUND LIKE AIR ESCAPING.

# **Functions & principles**

A low-pressure liquid refrigerant is vaporized in the heat pump's evaporator and passed into the compressor. As the pressure of the refrigerant increases, so does its temperature. The heated refrigerant runs through a condenser coil within the storage tank, transferring heat to the water stored there. As the refrigerant delivers its heat to the water, it cools and condenses, and then

passes through an expansion valve where the pressure is reduced, starting the cycle over-again.



# Technical parameters

Model number (system)	HP300S2-F7		
Model number (cylinder)	THP300S2-F7		
Model (heat pump unit)	EHP50S2-F7		
Cylinder volume	276L		
Rated voltage/frequency	220V~240V/50Hz		
PTR Valve setting	700kPa		
Inlet water pressure	100kPa ~ 500kPa		
Corrosion protection	3 x Magnesium rods		
IP rating	IPX4		
Assembled System			
Rated total power	4.3kW		
Maximum power input of heat pump	1.7kW		
Average power input of heat pump	1.19kW		
Power input by electric element	2.6kW		
Default temperature setting	55°C		
Temperature setting range (with heater)	35°C-75°C		
Maximum length of refrigerant pipe	3m		
Max working pressure of refrigerant	4.5MPa		
Refrigerant type/weight	R32/930g		
Sound pressure level (@ 1m)	52dB(A)		
Ambient temperature range (product)	-15°C~45°C		
Operating temperature range (heat pump) -15°C~45°C			
Dimension and connections	·		
Water inlet and outlet connection	R3/4"		
Safety valve connection	R3/4"		
Drain connection	R3/4"		
Product dimension (tank unit)	(622*580*1694)mm		
Product dimension (heat pump unit)	(780*286*545)mm		
Packaging dimension (tank unit)	(687*717*1832)mm		
Packaging dimension (heat pump unit)	(917*348*597)mm		
Net/Gross weight (tank unit)	86/97kg		
Refrigerant pair-coil sizes	1/4"(6.35mm) – 3/8"(9.52mm)		
Refrigerant connections	7/16-20 UNF – 5/8-18 UNF		
Net/Gross weight (heat pump unit)	30/33kg		
* The COP and noise level data was tested in Hai	er lab.		

# Description of parts and components

#### Heat pump structure



HP300S2-F7

# **Description of parts and components**



# Accessories (tank unit)

Part name	Cylinder	PTR valve	Instruction manual	Supply cable	Tamper-proof buckle	Interconnection Cable
Quantity	1	1	1	1	1	1

# **Description of parts and components**

Exploded view (heat pump unit)





1	3	/	/
-	5	/	

S/N	Description			
1	Air grille			
2	Front cover			
3	Evaporator			
4	Fan			
5	Bottom Cover			
6	Four-way valve			

S/N	Description		
7	Compressor		
8	Expansion valve		
9	Controller panel		
10	Top Cover		
11	Right Cover		
12	Handle		
13	Shield		

# Accessories (heat pump unit)

Part	Heat pump	Condensate	Drain	Wrapping	Packing	Through the wall retainer
name	unit	drain	elbow	tape	list	
Quantity	1	1	1	1	1	1

#### Installation precaution

- Do not install the water heater in a location that exposes it to gas, vapors, or dust.
- Install the cylinder and heat-pump unit on a flat, solid surface. The surface or base must be able to support the weight of the appliance, and condensate must be able to drain freely.
- Locate the appliance in an area where noise and air flow from the appliance does not bother the homeowner or neighbours.
- Make sure there is sufficient space around the appliance for its installation and maintenance.
- Ensure there is no strong electromagnetic interference that may affect control functions of the appliance.
- There is no Sulphur gas or mineral oil in the installation area which may cause corrosion of the machine and the fittings.
- Install water pipes to ensure that they cannot fall below 0°C shall and freeze.
- The heat pump unit must be installed outside. The cylinder can be installed inside or outside the home.
- The optimum ambient air temperature to run this appliance is 10°C to 35°C. The appliance will still operate well outside of this range, but at a reduced capacity.
- Discharge of condensate: The condensate or water, which is formed in the heat-pump unit during heating must be drained. The condensate drain connection is located at the bottom of the heat-pump unit. Ensure the condensate drain has a continuous downward direction and is free from blockages.



Keep an adequate distance between the working heat pump and bedrooms and quiet areas.

#### Installation dimensions



Unit: mm

Model	А	В	C	D
THP300S2-F7	593	268	1410	1694

Model	E	F
EHP50S2-F7	545	780

#### Installation clearances



# Tools for the connection of refrigerant lines

a) Group manometer suitable for use with R32, with charge and vacuum tubes. b) Vacuum pump.

c) Torque wrenches for nominal diameter of 7/16-20UNF and 5/8 -18UNF sizes on both sides to respond to the measures of the pipe unions.

d) Flaring clamp  $\phi$  nominal 7/16-20UNF and 5/8 -18UNF, equipped with a terminal receiving opening so that the projection of the copper tube can be adjusted from 0 to 0.5 mm in the working folder.

e) Pipe cutter;

f) Pipe reamer.

f) Leak Detector for R32, a leak detector is used exclusively for HFC refrigerants. It must have a high detection sensitivity.

# Preparation of the refrigerant pipework

WARNING! Before carrying out any installation check the following:

a) Use only copper tubes suitable for refrigeration appliances such as air conditioners and be suitable for use with R32.

b) Always use locally compliance refrigerant pair-coil.

c) Provide the shortest, simplest path possible between the heat pump unit and the cylinder.

d) Ensure that the refrigerant pipework will not obstruct access to the cap and the removal of flange.

e) Secure and protect the pipework and cables to avoid damage.

WARNING! The refrigerant lines, and fittings for connection must be insulated to avoid dangerous burns, loss of performance and product malfunction. Ensure that the insulating sheath is fastening with clamps to prevent it from moving.

#### Connecting the tank unit



- a) Shape the pipes according to the route required.
- b) Remove the threaded brass flare nuts(A) on the tank unit and store them.
- c) Check that that the pipes and fittings are clear of impurities.
- d) Cut the pipe to the fixed length using a pipe cutter and avoiding any deformation.
- e) Remove any pipework burrs with pipe reamer ensuring not to leave impurities inside the pipe.
- f) Install the threaded brass flare nuts(A) on the pipes in the correct direction.
- g) Insert the tube into the flaring tool. Flare the end of the pipe as indicated in the table.

Connection	Pair-coil	Connection
Inlet refrigerant pipe	1/4" (6.35mm)	(7/16-20UNF)
Outlet refrigerant pipe	3/8" (9.52 mm)	(5/8 -18UNF)

After confirming that there are no wrinkles or tears on the flare, connect the pipes using two spanners, being careful not to damage the pipes. If the force is insufficient the seals may not be made, causing leaks. If the force is excessive, damage to the flange may occur. The safest method is to careful tighten the connection by using 2 spanners.

# Connecting the heat pump unit



When making the connections, follow local standards and regulations.

Remove the caps from 2- and 3-way valves. Fit the flare nuts of the pump onto the on the pipes, screw the flare nuts to connect the heat pump unit with the same method described for the cylinder.

# Vacuuming the appliance



Vacuuming the system with a vacuum pump and pressure gauge assembly suitable for R32.

Make sure the vacuum pump has the correct oil level indicated by the oil gauge.

a) Loosen the 2- and 3-way valves and the service valve. Check that the two valves on the heat pump unit are closed (D).

b) Connect the vacuum pump (B) to the service valve (C) by attaching a low-pressure gauge (A).

c) After opening the valves on the vacuum pump (B), start the pump, and let it run. Create a vacuum for about 20 to 25 minutes.

d) Verify that the low-pressure gauge (A) indicates a pressure of 1 bar-(or -76 cm Hg).

e) Close the valves of the pump and shut off (B). Verify that there is no change in pressure over 5 minutes.

If the needle moves, there are leaks in the system. Check the flare joints, remake if required, and then repeat the procedure from step C.

- f) Disconnect the vacuum pump.
- g) Completely open the taps on 2- and 3-way valves (D).
- h) Screw in the cap on the service outlet and valves (E).

i) After tightened the connections, make sure there are no gas leaks using the appropriate detector.

Always protect pipes, hoses, and cables from damaged. Damage to these components can cause gas leaks.

# Charging the appliance

If you are adding R32 gas in the circuit, you will need:

- Electronic scales for refrigerant charging with sensitivity 1g.

During installation:

a) Connect the manometer to the low-pressure service valve and connect the refrigerant cylinder to the center tap of the manometer. Open the valve of the refrigerant container, then open the main valve cap pressure gauge and adjust the needle valve until a leak can be heard. Release the pin and close the valve of the pipe.

b) Monitor the refrigerant tank weight using the electronic scale.

c) Open the ball valve to allow refrigerant to gradually enter the appliance.

d) After reaching the correct mass of refrigerant, close the tap.

e) Remove the manometer and charging hose from the valve.

f) Fully open the 2- and 3-way valves (D), turn the product in heat pump mode and using the detector check for leaks.

g) Remove the refrigerant container from the manifold and replace all plugs (E).

For an existing installation:

a) Connect the manometer on the low-pressure service valve. Connect the refrigerant cylinder to the center tap of the manometer. Open the container of refrigerant then open the main valve on the pressure gauge. Adjust the needle valve until you hear the refrigerant leak and release the pin and close the valve of the pipe.

b) Monitor the weight of the refrigerant tank through the electronic scale.

c) Open the ball valve allowing the refrigerant gradually flow into the appliance.

d) After reaching the mass of refrigerant, close the tap.

e) Remove the manometer and charging hose from the valve.

f) With the detector and check for leaks of refrigerant.

with the detector and check for leaks of refrigerant.

g) Remove the container from the manifold and replace all the plugs (E).

h) Once the appliance is charged, verify the appliance functions properly.

## **Plumbing installation**

Plumbing installation must be compliant with AS/NZS3500.4 and the Plumbing Code of Australia (PCA).

- The plumbing connections for this appliance must be installed:

   a. by licensed trades people.
   b. in accordance with all local codes and regulations and standards including AS/NZS3500.4, AS/NZS 3000, and the Plumbing Code of Australia (PCA).
- 2. The inlet water pressure must be between 100kPa 500kPa.
- 3 . Inlet water connections: An isolating and non-return valve must be installed on the inlet to the appliance. If the supply pressure could exceed 500kPa, a pressure limiting valve must be installed on the cold-water inlet. If a cold-water expansion control valve (ECV) is required by local regulations, a valve of a maximum of 600kPa can be fitted. The correctly sized pressure limiting valve should also be fitted as per the ECV manufacturers specifications.
- 4. If no ECV is fitted, a pressure limiting valve of a maximum of 500kPa should be fitted.
- 5 . The cold-water inlet to the appliance must have a line filter, non-return valve and isolating valve fitted. Combination valves of these functions are also suitable.
- 6 . Outlet water connections: A thermostatic mixing or tempering valve must be used when hot water is supplied to fixtures used for sanitary use (i.e. Bathrooms) according to AS/NZS 3500.4 requirements.
- 7 . For ease of assembly and disassembly of the appliance, it is recommended that mechanical joints are used to connect to the water heater.
- 8 . The water inlet and outlet pipes must be fitted to as per the labels at the hot and cold-water connections.
- 9 . To avoid damage on the appliance, the inlet water temperature should remain between 10°C to 40°C.
- 10. Before filling the tank, make sure that the cold-water inlet and hot-water outlet of the appliance is open, along with the farthest hot water fixture. The appliance will be correctly filled once water flows continuously from this fixture without air bubbles. Venting through the PTR could cause premature failure of the valve.
- 11. If there is a risk of freezing, hot-water pipes, cold-water pipes, valves and drain lines connected to the appliance must be insulated with 20mm insulation. Failure to adhere to this may result in a voided warranty if damage due to freezing occurs.
- 12. In accordance with safety rules, a PTR valve (700kPa, 99°C, Rp3/4") must be installed directly into the PTR valve connection on the appliance. Never block the outlet of the safety valve or its drain line for any reason.

**Pipeline installation diagram** 



Note: The correct pressure temperature relief PTR valve is supplied with this appliance.

- -The thermostatic mixing valve, check valve, non-return valve and pressure limiting valve are not supplied with this product. Please source in local market.
- -A 20mm 700kPa PTR valve must be installed with this appliance.
- -A pressure limiting valve with a maximum pressure of 500kPa must be installed with this appliance.
- -The inlet water pressure must be between 100 kPa and 500 kPa.
- -If lower than 100 kPa, a pump shall be installed to the supply water.

## **Electrical installation**



#### WARNING

- Electrical connections must be carried out by a licensed, qualified professional.
- Always switch off power before connecting the electricity.
- Earthing must comply with local standards including AS/NZS3000.
- 1 . The installation, service, or repair of the electrical components of this appliance must be completed:
  - a. by a licensed, qualified trades person.
  - b. in accordance with all local codes and regulations and standards including AS/NZS 3000.
- 2. Materials that are certified to local standards must be used in the installation of this appliance.
- 3 . The appliance must be reliably earthed.
- 4 . This appliance must be connected to a dedicated circuit. This circuit must be fitted with a circuit breaker that is no greater than 30A. It is recommended that a residual current device (RCD) is also fitted.
- 5 . The circuit to the appliance must be a minimum of a 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> 2-core plus earth cable.
- 6 . The earth and neutral wire of the power supply must be separated entirely. Connecting the neutral wire to the earth wire is not allowed.

# **Plumbing installation**

Plumbing installations must comply to AS/NZS3500.4 and appropriate plumbing regulations in Australia and New Zealand.

#### FOR NEW ZEALAND INSTALLATIONS ONLY

The Plumbing and Drainage standard (AS/NZS 3500.4) requires all storage water heaters in New Zealand to be installed with seismic restraints to avoid damage or personal injury if a seismic event should occur.

To meet this requirement this appliance should be fitted with three stainless steel straps, 25mm wide x 1mm thick.

These straps should be fitted as per the following instructions:



#### **Electrical connections**



#### **Electrical connections**

Connecting the cables and signal wires

- a) Remove the electric cover of tank unit and connect the Interconnection cable to the terminal block.
- b) Remove the electric cover of heat pump unit. Connect the supply cable and interconnection cable according to the wiring diagrams.
- c) Connect the display panel signal wire, the tank temperature signal wire and off-peak power signal wire.
- d)After connection, supply and interconnection cables shall be secured by the cable clamp attached to the fixing board.
- e) Install the electric cover of heat pump unit.

Description	Availability
Supply cable	supplied
Interconnection cable	supplied
Off-peak power signal wire	supplied
Tank temperature signal wire	supplied
Display panel signal wire	supplied

#### Commissioning

Installers shall use the following check list for trial operation of water heaters.

□Electrical wires are securely connected?

□Water connections are fitted correctly?

□The appliance is earthed correctly.

The user control on the cylinder is functional.

□All noises are normal.

□ The PTR valve supplied with the appliance has been fitted?

- □ All fittings and materials used in conjunction with this appliance are compliant with local standards and have been installed for their intended use?
- □ The cylinder has been filled with water, and the hot water lines of the home have been purged of air bubbles?
- □ After the water pipe of the water system is filled, check the whole water pipeline. There is no leakage?
- □ After the water system is filled with water, is there water flowing out after the pressure is relieved via the automatic safe pressure PTR Valve?

□ After the water system is filled with water and successfully tested, all outdoor water pipework should be fitted with an approved insulation material?

□ Has the drain valve and drainpipe, and the PTR valve and drain pipe been connect to or over an appropriate drainage point?

#### Wiring diagram



# Display



Description of the icons		
Symbol	Description	
	Power ON/OFF switch	
MODE	Working mode selection	
SET	Confirm the selection	
TIMER	Timer adjustment	
BOOST	Boost mode. Uses electrical element and heat pump for quicker heating.	

Symbol	Description
AUTO	Auto mode -Optimized management of the heat pump and backup element for guaranteed comfort. - The compressor maximum continuous working time ( 日日) can be adjusted in the installer settings.
ECO	ECO (off-peak) mode - In this mode, turn on the unit to provide hot water only during the off-peak power period. When the working time of the heat pump exceeds the default time, the auxiliary heat is started, and the heat pump stops.
ELEC	<ul> <li>Electric heating mode</li> <li>In this mode, the backup element is used as the only heat source.</li> <li>This function ensures hot water supply when the heat pump is not working properly.</li> </ul>
×> VAC	Vacation mode. - Maintains a minimum temperature to prevent freezing, then heats to the set temperature for the owners return. Set by number of days by the owner.
BOOST	Boost mode. Backup element heating on for a faster time.
~	Indication that the heat pump is operating.
	Indication that the backup element is operating.

Symbol	Description
PV	When the PV function is on. When the appliance receives the signal for 5 minutes, the "PV" icon lights up. Indication that the appliance is receiving a single that Solar PV generated energy is available. This will allow the appliance to operate according to the pre-set PV settings in the service menu.
Ho	Time of peak/off-peak hours. In Time of peak/off-peak hours mode, the symbol corresponding to the mode is displayed. When receiving the signal, "HC" icon lights up.
	Anti-legionella -Anti-legionella function will be activated every 7 days to heat the tank to 61°C automatically.
HW	Hot water volume display.
ô	Wi-Fi signal icon.
	Lock screen display icon.
B	<ol> <li>Enter: In the power-on state, press and hold TIMER+BOOST (combination key) for 6s at the same time, the lock sign will be on, and the screen lock mode will be turned on.</li> <li>After the screen lock mode is turned on, the device will not respond when the user touches any key.</li> <li>Exit: press and hold TIMER+BOOST (combination key) for 6s at the same time, the lock sign is closed, and the screen lock mode is exited.</li> </ol>

Note: Under certain conditions, ECO mode may result in shortages of hot water if ambient air temperatures are low.

Installer settings			
- To open the SET at the - When ment - Press SE - Press ()	e installer settings, press switch off the system, e same time for 10 seconds. u is open, press or to change the value of th to confirm the settings. to close the menu.	then press e settings.	and
Parameters	Description	Factory setting	Adjustment range
<b>LL</b> no,nc	Off-peak signal type When you use off-peak time clock control, first determine the type of signals, Only allow professional installers to operate. - NO corresponds to Normally Open Signal. - NC corresponds to Normally Close Signal.	NO	NO, NC
<b>91</b> 01, 02	Off-peak logic type - In two ways using heat pump, should set in the installer settings -01 manually set off-peak time; -02 switch signals by power companies. -03 PV signal	01	01, 02, 03
<b>LA</b> 00, 0FF	PV function can be executed in AUTO mode (03 is selected in LP) - ON corresponds to turned on PV function. - OFF corresponds to turned off PV function.	ON	ON, OFF
<b>6</b> 5-75	Temperature setting in PV function (03 is selected in LP) -The temperature setting is adjustable between 65°C and 75°C.	65	65-75
<b>1</b> 0 (, 02 03	Heat source selection in PV function (03 is selected in LP) -01 Compressor and electric heating work at the same time. -02 The compressor shall be started first. When the system does not meet the operating conditions, the electric heating can be started. -03 Only electric heating is operated.	01	01, 02, 03
<b>RL</b> 07, 0FF	Avoid Legionella - This parameter is used to activate the legionella protection mode. - Once every 7or (1-7) days, all domestic hot water is heated to 60°C~75°C.	ON	ON, OFF
<b>F +</b> 60-15	Anti-Legionella temperature setting - The Avoid Legionella temperature is adjustable between 60°C and 75°C.	61	60-75
<b>Ad</b> 0+ 01	The frequency of Anti-legionella - The frequency of Anti-legionella is adjustable, 7 days or (1-7) days are optional.	07	07,01-07

Parameters	Description	Factory setting	Adjustment range
	Compressor maximum continuous working time		
	- If the maximum continuous working time of the compressor more than Set Time, start auxiliary power.	8h	3h-12h
┛┟┨╷ ┚	Set the day of the week. 	/	d1-d7
	Return differential temperature setting.		
<b>DE</b> 5-15	-Set at 11°C for the 280L, meaning heating will start when the actual temperature drops 11°C below the set temperature. The adjustment range is 5°C- 15°C.	11	5-15

# **WIFI** connection

Your appliance can be connected to your home wireless network and operated remotely using the app. Getting started:

- 1. Ensure your home Wi-Fi network is turned on,
- Ensure the appliance is connected to power with the isolator switched. Power should be supplied and the appliance switched off. The display will indicate show the actual temperature reading of the water inside the appliance.

3. Press and hold " – " to enter the distribution network status. At this time, the WIFI icon (  $\widehat{\uparrow}$ ) will flash. If the connection is successful the WIFI icon (  $\widehat{\uparrow}$ ) will always be on. If the connection is not successful, the WIFI icon (  $\widehat{\uparrow}$ ) will always be flashing.

4. It may take up to 10 minutes to connect your appliance.

On your mobile device:

- 1. Download the app from www.fisherpaykel.com/connect
- 2. Register and create an account.
- 3. Add your appliance and set up the Wi-Fi connection.



The symbol on the product or on its packaging indicates that this product is not to be treated as regular household waste. Instead, it must be taken to a recycling collection point for electrical and electronic equipment. By properly disposing of this product, you are contributing to the preservation of the environment and the wellbeing of your fellow citizens. Improper disposal is hazardous to health and environment. You can obtain further information on how to recycle this product from your municipality, your waste management service or the shop where you purchased it.

	Since the flammable refrigerants are used, please read the following.			
1	For Installation, maintenance and repair, and decommissioning.			
	Service indicator; read technical manual.			
	Warning; low burning velocity material.			
	Operator's manual; operating instructions.			
	Read operator's manual.			
	WARNING Do not use any means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean the appliance other than those recommended by the manufacturer. The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater). Do not pierce or burn.			
	Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.			
2	For Installation, maintenance and repair, and decommissioning.			
	that the installation of pipework shall be kept to a minimum.			
	• that compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.			
	that mechanical connections made at Joints that made in the installation between     narts of the refrigerating system in shall be accessible for maintenance numerous			
	- the maximum refrigerant charge for a 5m refrigerant length is 0.93 kg			
	-Since the flammable refrigerants are used, handling, installation, cleaning, servicing and disposal of refrigerant must comply with local regulations and this manual.			
	<ul> <li>Warning: Installation and servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.</li> </ul>			
3	For Installation, maintenance and repair, and decommissioning.			
	Warning: Only correctly qualified personnel shall carry out			
	maintenance, service and repair operations.			
	Examples for such working procedures are:			
	breaking into the refrigerating circuit.			
	opening sealed components.     opening ventilated enclosures			
	• opening ventilated enclosures.			
	<ul> <li>opening sealed components.</li> <li>opening ventilated enclosures.</li> <li>The competent persons are trained by the national training organisations or</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>opening sealed components.</li> <li>opening ventilated enclosures.</li> <li>The competent persons are trained by the national training organisations or manufacturers that are accredited to teach the relevant national competency standards</li> </ul>			

4 For maintenance and repair, and decommis Prior to beginning work on systems, safety or ignition is minimised. For repair to the refri- be understood prior to conducting work on • Work procedure. Work shall be undertaken under a controller gas or vapor being present while the work i • General work area	hecks are necessary to ensure that the risk of gerating system, the following directions shall the system. d procedure to minimise the risk of a flammable s being performed. the local area shall be instructed on the nature spaces shall be avoided.
Prior to beginning work on systems, safety of ignition is minimised. For repair to the refribe understood prior to conducting work on • Work procedure. Work shall be undertaken under a controlled gas or vapor being present while the work i • General work area	hecks are necessary to ensure that the risk of gerating system, the following directions shall the system. d procedure to minimise the risk of a flammable s being performed. the local area shall be instructed on the nature spaces shall be avoided.
Work shall be undertaken under a controlle gas or vapor being present while the work i • General work area	d procedure to minimise the risk of a flammable s being performed. the local area shall be instructed on the nature spaces shall be avoided.
	the local area shall be instructed on the nature spaces shall be avoided.
All maintenance staff and others working in of work being carried out. Work in confined • Checking for presence of refrigerant	
The area shall be checked with an appropriation of the ensure the technician is aware of the flat Ensure that the leak detection equipment be applicable refrigerants.	e refrigerant detector prior to and during work, mmability potential of the refrigerant. eing used is suitable for use with all
i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrir • Presence of fire extinguisher	isically safe.
If any hot work is to be conducted on the re appropriate fire extinguishing equipment sha CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charg	frigerating equipment or any associated parts, all be available to hand. Have a dry powder or ng area.
<ul> <li>No person carrying out work in relation to a exposing any pipe work shall use any source lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All poss smoking, should be kept sufficiently far awa removing and disposal, during which refrige surrounding space. Prior to work taking place surveyed to make sure that there are no flae "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.</li> <li>Ventilated area: Ensure that the area is in t before breaking into the system or condu ventilation must be made while work is care.</li> </ul>	a refrigerating system which involves as of ignition in such a manner that it may able ignition sources, including cigarette ay from the site of installation, repairing, arant can possibly be released to the e, the area around the equipment is to be mmable hazards or ignition risks. he open or that it is adequately ventilated cting any hot work. An appropriate level of rried out. The ventilation should safely
<ul> <li>disperse any released refrigerant and pre</li> <li>Checks to the refrigerating equipment.</li> <li>Where electrical components are being charter the correct specification. At all times the marguidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, condepartment for assistance.</li> <li>The following checks shall be applied to instruct the actual refrigerant charge is in accordar</li> </ul>	ferably expel it outdoors. nged, they shall be fit for the purpose and to nufacturer's maintenance and service nsult the manufacturer's technical allations using flammable refrigerants: nce with the manual, max, 0.93kg.
<ul> <li>markings to the equipment continues to b are illegible shall be corrected.</li> </ul>	e visible and legible. Markings and signs that

	<ul> <li>refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.</li> <li>Checks to electrical devices.</li> <li>Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.</li> <li>Initial safety checks shall include:</li> <li>that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking.</li> <li>that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system.</li> </ul>
	- that there is continuity of earth bonding.
5	For maintenance and renair
5	Ponsirs to scaled components
	<ul> <li>During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.</li> <li>Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.</li> <li>Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.</li> <li>Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.</li> <li>Repair to intrinsically safe components.</li> <li>Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.</li> <li>Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.</li> <li>The use of silicon sealant can inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment.</li> </ul>

6	For Installation, Maintenance and repair.
	Cabling: Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall consider the effects of aging or continual vibration from the compressors or fans.
7	For Installation, Maintenance and repair, and Decommissioning.
	Detection of flammable refrigerants Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area). Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most
	refrigerants but the use of chlorine and caustic chemicals must be avoided as they may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipework. NOTE Examples of leak detection fluids are. – bubble method, – fluorescent method agents. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames or ignition sources must be removed or extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be Recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. Removal of refrigerant shall be according to Removal and evacuation procedure in this manual.
8	For Installation, Maintenance and repair, and Decommissioning.
	Removal and evacuation When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a major consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to: • remove refrigerant. • purge the circuit with inert gas (optional). • evacuate (optional). • purge with inert gas (optional). • open the circuit by cutting or brazing. The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. If the purging the circuit with inert gas, evacuate and purge the system with oxygen free nitrogen to render the appliance safe for flammable refrigerants.

	This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems. Refrigerant purging can be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with oxygen-free nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final oxygen-free nitrogen charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.
9	For Installation and Maintenance and repair.
	Charging procedures
	In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed
	Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using
	charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the
	amount of refrigerant contained in them.
	<ul> <li>Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.</li> <li>Ensure that the refrigerating system is earthed prior to charging the system with</li> </ul>
	refrigerant.
	<ul> <li>Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).</li> </ul>
	• Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigerating system.
	Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas.
	follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.
10	For Decommissioning.
	Decommissioning
	Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced. a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation. b) Isolate system electrically.
	<ul> <li>c) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:</li> <li>mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly.</li> <li>the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person.</li> <li>recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.</li> <li>d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.</li> <li>f) Make sure that the cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.</li> <li>g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.</li> <li>h) Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80 % volume liquid charge).</li> <li>i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.</li> </ul>
11	For Decommissioning.
	Labelling Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.
12	For Installation, Maintenance and repair, and Decommissioning.
	Recovery of refrigerant When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely. When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are used. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall have pressure-relief and shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
	The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt. The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders. If compressors or compressor oils are removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

# **Checking and maintenance**



- Installation and maintenance of the appliance must be done by a qualified professional.
- Before working on the appliance, shut down the machine and isolate the power supply at the switch.
- Do not touch with wet hands.
- Maintenance operations are important to guarantee optimum performance and extend the life of the appliance.

#### Checking the PTR valve

- Operate the PTR valve at least once every six months to ensure it is functioning correctly. If the valve fails to release water when the lever is activated, check for blockages. If none exist, call Haier Customer Care or a qualified professional to resolve the issue and check the water pipework.

#### **Checking the pipework**

- Check the watertightness of the water connections.

#### Cleaning the fan

- The fan should be checked for dust annually. If cleaning is required call Haier Customer Service or a qualified professional.
- Checking and cleaning the evaporator must be completed by a qualified professional.

#### Checking the evaporator



- The evaporator fins are sharp and are a potential injury risk.
- Avoid damaging the evaporator fins as this can affect the performance of the appliance.
- It is recommended that the evaporator is cleaned every two years.
- Clean the evaporator with a soft brush and water if required. Do not use cleaners on the evaporator fins.

#### Checking the condensate drain

Check the condensate drain for blockages as they have the potential to flood the appliance.

# **Checking the Anode**

- Checking and replacing the anode must be carried out by a qualified professional.
- To avoid irreversible corrosion of the cylinder, it is recommended to check the anode every five years and replaced if required.

# Faults and protection

#### Water Quality

A breach of this condition may void the warranty in the event of damage caused by water quality exceeding these characteristics.

Water supply from an unfiltered water source that may be highly conductive or have a high mineral content may void the system warranty.

The following characteristics should not be exceeded in order for the warranty to be conditions not to be breached.

Water Properties	Acceptable Level		
Total hardness	Up to 200 mg/litre or ppm		
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	Up to 600 mg/litre or ppm		
Chloride	Up to 250 mg/litre or ppm		
Magnesium	Up to 10 mg/litre or ppm		
Sodium	Up to 150 mg/litre or ppm		
рН	Between Min 6.5 to Max 8.5		
Electricity conductivity In areas of poor water quality, it is recommended tha	Up to 850 µS/cm t a softener, conditioner		

or similar device be fitted to the water supply.

# Faults and protection

Fault type	Action	Digital indication	Release	
Communication fault	Communication failure between Wi-Fi module and control board	FO	Please call Haier Customer Service to resolve the issue	
	Operating temperature protection	F2		
Compressor protection	Air exhaust temperature protection	F3		
	Evaporation high temperature protection	F5		
Electricity leakage alarming	The system will automatically cut off power supply if any line fault occurs	E1		
Over temperature alarming	The actual water temperature ≥90°C	E2		
Fault of the inner temperature sensor	If short circuit or circuit break occurs to the sensor	E3		
Fault of the ambient temperature sensor	If short circuit or circuit break occurs to the sensor	E4		
Fault of the evaporation temperature sensor	If short circuit or circuit break occurs to the sensor	E5	After fault is solved, switch on power	
Fault of the air exhaust temperature sensor	If short circuit or circuit break occurs to the sensor	E6	supply for release	
Fault of the air intake temperature sensor	If short circuit or circuit break occurs to the sensor	ED		
Communication fault	Communication of main control panel and display panel is abnormal	E7		
Pressure switch protection	Action of the pressure switch at the exhaust outlet	E8		
Ambient temperature protection	Ambient or outdoor temperature <-15 °C or >45°C	E9		
Fault of the Off-peak power switching signal	If not received the Off-peak signal when selecting switch signals by power companies	EF		
Fault of the fan	Fan blade is stuck or fan and control panel communication failure	L7		
Transient hardware over- current of the compressor phase current	The MCU detects a low-level input at the FO port or a bus current greater than the 19.4A peak threshold set by the MCU internal comparator	P1	Power on or off the device again. The fault is rectified	
Compressor phase current software transient overcurrent	The instantaneous output current is greater than 17A	P2	When the current is less than the set protection value, the system automatically. recovers after 20s	

# Faults and protection

Fault type	Action	Digital indication	Release
The heat sink (IPM) temperature is too high	IPM module temperature > 100 ° C	Ρ3	60 seconds later, the MCU detects that the IPM module temperature is lower than 85 ° C and automatically recovers
Input overflow load	The input current RMS exceeds 18A or the peak output current exceeds 17A	P4	The compressor automatically recovers after shutdown
Under voltage protection	Bus voltage below 200V lasts for 5ms	Р5	If the VDC is greater than or equal to 210V after the compressor is stopped for 20 seconds, the fault is rectified
Over Voltage Protection	PFC voltage or bus voltage VDC greater than 390V for 5ms	Р6	After the compressor is stopped for 20 seconds, the fault is rectified if the VDC≤380V
The communication between the main control chip and the driver chip is abnormal	The master control and driver cannot receive data or a data error persists for 2 minutes	Р7	After receiving the communication from the other party, it automatically recovers and the fault is eliminated
The current detection on the frequency conversion side is abnormal	Before the compressor is in operation, there is a 10-20% deviation between the AD value of the incoming voltage detected by the sampling circuit and the AD value of 1.65V	P8	The circuit is repaired and then powered on again
Compressor out of step	The actual running speed of the compressor is less than 50% or more than 120% of the target speed of the drive for more than 5S	РВ	Detect normal fault elimination
Instantaneous Software Overflow on the rectifier Side	The instantaneous value of the input current is greater than 30A for 3 times, and each PWM cycle is detected once	PD	After the compressor is stopped for 20 seconds, the current is less than 30A and automatically recovers. Power off and restart. The fault is rectified
Transient hardware over- current on the rectifier side	The instantaneous input current is greater than 31A for four times	PF	The compressor automatically recovers when the current is less than 31A after 20 seconds of shutdown. Power off and restart. The fault is rectified

# Haier

#### **Haier Appliances**

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